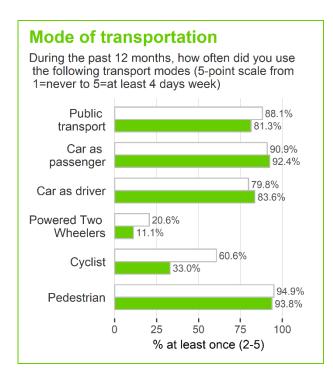


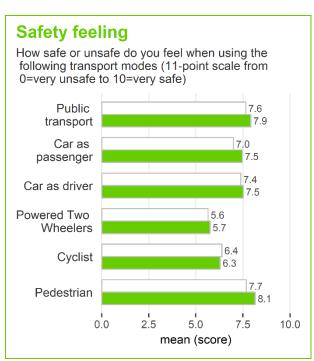
## **Country fact sheet Australia**

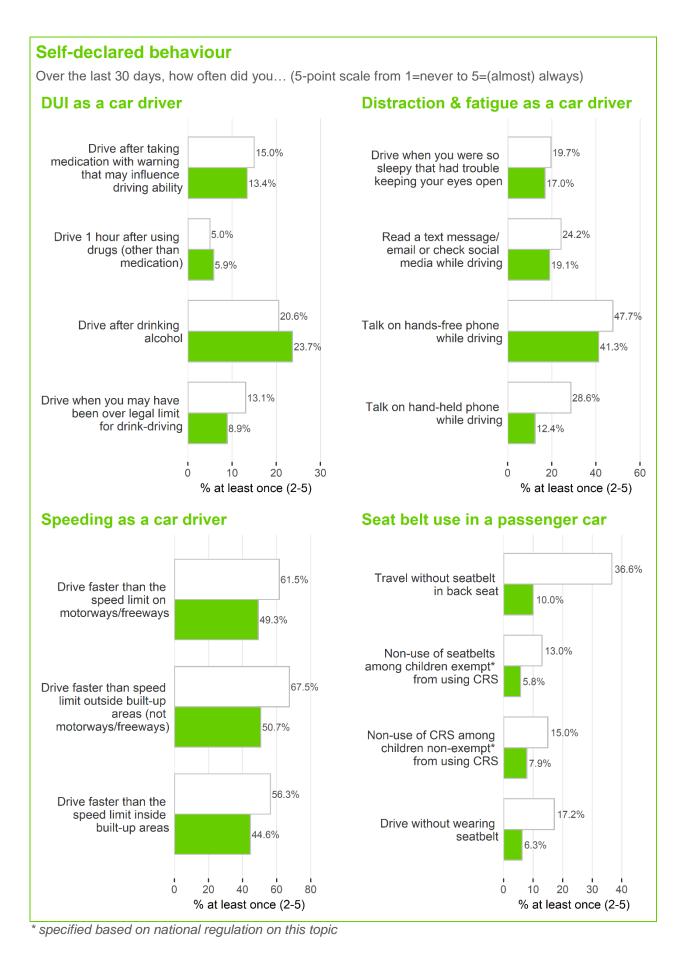
## **ESRA2** results

ESRA (E-Survey of Road Users' Attitudes) is a joint initiative of road safety institutes, research centres, government departments, and private sponsors, from all over the world. The aim is to collect and analyse comparable data on road safety performance, in particular road safety culture and behaviours for policy measures. The ESRA data collected is used as a basis for a large set of road safety indicators. It provides scientific evidence for policy measures at national and international levels. Vias institute in Brussels (Belgium) initiated and coordinates ESRA, in cooperation with eleven core group partners (BASt, BFU, CTL, IATSS, IFSTTAR, ITS, KFV, NTUA, PRP, SWOV, TIRF). At the heart of ESRA is a jointly developed questionnaire survey, which is translated into national language versions¹. The themes covered include: self-declared behaviour, attitudes and opinions on unsafe traffic behaviour, enforcement experiences and support for policy measures. The survey addresses different road safety topics (e.g. driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs and medicines, speeding, distraction) and targets car occupants, motorcycle and moped drivers, cyclists and pedestrians.

This country fact sheet contains key results of the second edition of the ESRA survey, which was conducted simultaneously in 32 countries in 2018. In total this online panel survey collected data from more than 35 000 road users (968 in Australia). An overview of the initiative and more results are available on <a href="www.esranet.eu">www.esranet.eu</a>. The following figures show a core set of variables in which Australia (green) is compared with the European ESRA2 mean² (white).



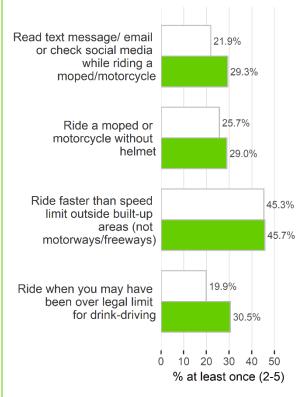




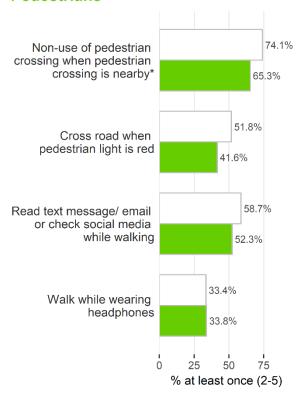
#### Self-declared behaviour

Over the last 30 days, how often did you... (5-point scale from 1=never to 5=(almost) always)

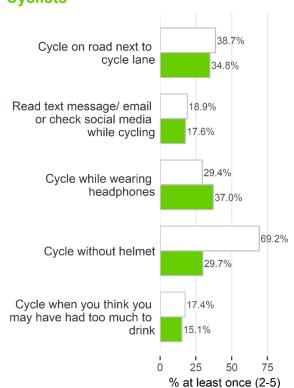
#### **Powered Two Wheelers**



#### **Pedestrians**



# **Cyclists**\* specified based on national regulation on this topic



#### Sample size\*

Road users who use each transport mode at least a few days per month.

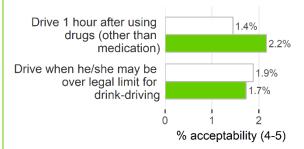
Mode of transportation	Australia	Europe20
Car drivers	778	15196
Car drivers who transported children (<18y) exempt from using CRS	289	5694
Car drivers who transported children (<18y) non-exempt from using CRS	229	6094
Car passengers	699	13597
Powered Two Wheelers	74	2611
Pedestrians	861	18466
Cyclists	202	8443

<sup>\*</sup>weighted sample for self-declared behaviours.

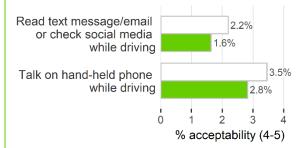
## Personal acceptability

How acceptable do you, personally, feel it is for a CAR DRIVER to ... (5-point scale from 1=unacceptable to 5=acceptable)

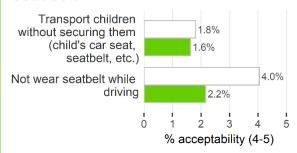
#### DUI



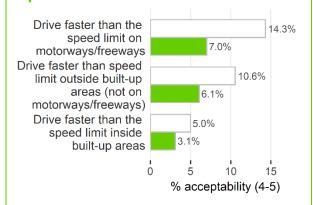
#### **Distraction**



#### Seat belt



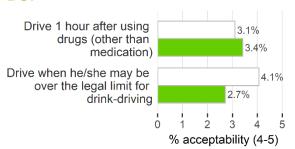
## **Speed**



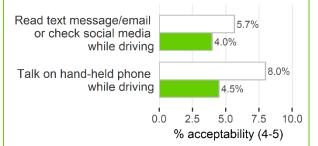
## Others' acceptability

Where you live, how acceptable would most other people say it is for a CAR DRIVER to... (5-point scale from 1=unacceptable to 5=acceptable)

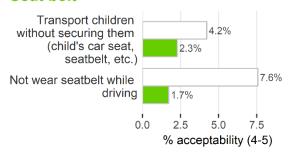
#### DUI



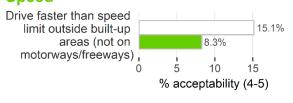
#### Distraction



#### Seat belt

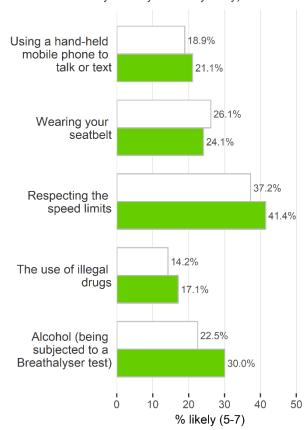


#### **Speed**

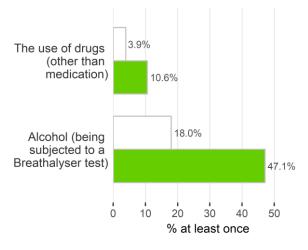


### **Enforcement**

On a typical journey, how likely is it that you (as CAR DRIVER) will be checked by police for... (5-point scale from 1-very unlikely to 7-very likely)

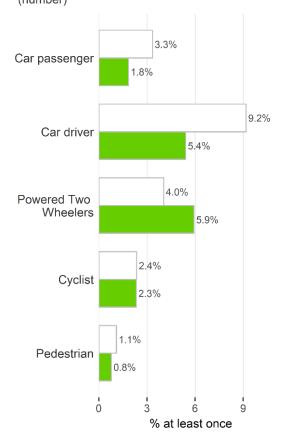


In the past 12 months, how many times (as a CAR DRIVER) have you been checked by the police for... (number)



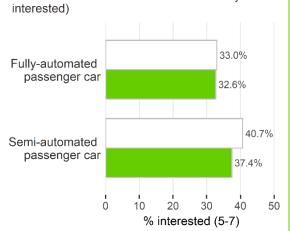
#### Involvement in road crashes

In the past 12 months, how many times have you personally been involved in road crashes as... (number)



## **Vehicle automation**

How interested would you be in using a... (7-point scale from 1=not at all interested to 7=very interested)



## **Background Data**

Basic data of Australia in relation to the European average<sup>3</sup>.

## **Exposure**

	year	AU
total length of roads (km)	2015	873561
total length of motorways (km)	NA	NA
vehicle kilometres (total in millions)	2017	256587
motorisation rate (motor vehicles/1000 inhab.)	2017	763

Source: IRTAD

## Persons killed in road accidents by age (IRTAD & CARE database)

			AU	EU	
ages	year	absolute number	%	absolute number	%
0-14	2017	32	2.6	555	2.2
15-17	2017	35	2.9	543	2.1
18-24	2017	203	16.6	3104	12.2
25-49	2017	452	36.9	8887	34.9
50-64	2017	198	16.2	5257	20.7
≥65	2017	303	24.7	6921	27.2
unknown	2017	2	0.2	164	0.6
TOTAL	2017	1225	100.0	25431	100.0

European sum computed with the most recent available year by country (2010: SK; 2015: LT, IE; 2016: BG, CY, MT; others: 2017).

## Persons killed in road accidents by transport mode (IRTAD & CARE database)

		A	·U	Е	U
mode of transportation	year	absolute	%	absolute	%
		number		number	
car (including taxi)	2017	583	47.6	11631	45.7
moped	2017	NA	NA	607	2.4
motorcycle	2017	NA	NA	3850	15.1
pedal cycle	2017	39	3.2	2003	7.9
pedestrian	2017	167	13.6	5383	21.2
other	2017	436	35.6	1957	7.7
TOTAL	2017	1225	100.0	25431	100.0

European sum computed with the most recent available year by country (2010: SK; 2015: LT, IE; 2016: BG, CY, MT; others: 2017)

Population			
	year	AU	EU
population (M. inhab.)	2017	24.6	512.4
density (inhab./km²)	2017	3.2	$116.9^{4}$
males (% of total)	2017	49.8	49.0
females (% of total)	2017	50.2	51.0
urban (% of total)	2017	86.0	75.4
internet users (per 100 people)	2017	87	81
Source: World Bank			

Traffic legislation in Australia		
Speed limits for passenger cars	(km/h)	
motorways	110-130	
secondary or regional roads	100-110	
in built-up areas	50-80	
Drink-driving	BAC limits	
max. BAC for drivers (g/l)	0.5	
max. BAC for young/novice drivers (g/l)	0.0	
max. BAC for professional drivers (g/l)	0.2	
Protective systems		
obligation to use seatbelt in front seat	yes	
obligation to use seatbelt in rear seat	yes	
obligation to use child restraint systems for transport of children	yes	
obligation to use a helmet as a moped rider	yes	
obligation to use a helmet as a motorcyclist	yes	
Source: IRTAD Annual Report 2018		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please note that this country fact sheet has been written in British English. Exact wording of items and spelling was adapted according to the needs of the national language versions of the ESRA2 survey.

Please refer to this document as: Vias institute (2019). Country fact sheet Australia. ESRA2\_2018 survey (E-Survey of Road users' Attitudes). Brussels, Belgium: Vias institute.









<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The European ESRA2 mean is based on the results of the 20 European countries participating in the ESRA2 survey: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Serbia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and United Kingdom.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The European average is based on the EU-28: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Population density EU is based on the total population of the EU-28 (512 431 044 inhabitants; Source: World Bank) divided by the total surface of the EU-28 (4 384 317 km<sup>2</sup>; Source: World Bank).