



Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Direction (No. 6) 2021

I, Rachel Bacon, Deputy Secretary, Regional, Cities and Territories, Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communications, exercising powers vested in me under the direction, dated 16 April 2020, made by the Governor-General under subsection 4B(2) of the *Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915* (Cwlth), make the following Direction.

Dated 2 November 2021 at 10 : 30 am/pm

Rachel Bacon
Deputy Secretary
Regional, Cities and Territories
Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communications

Contents

Part 1—Preliminary	1
1 Name	1
2 Commencement	1
3 Authority	1
4 Duration	1
5 Revocation	1
6 Booderee National Park	2
7 Definitions.....	2
8 Calculation of space available for persons	9
Part 2—Residential premises	9
9 Direction about number of persons allowed on residential premises	9
10 Direction about residential aged care facilities.....	10
Part 3—Non-residential premises	10
11 Direction requiring COVID-19 Safety Plans.....	10
12 Direction about the number of persons allowed on premises	11
13 Direction about entertainment facilities and recreation facilities (major).....	11
Part 4—Events and activities	12
Division 1—Significant events	12
14 Direction about COVID-19 Safety Plans for significant events	12
Division 2—Outdoor public gatherings	12
15 Definitions.....	12
16 Direction about non-controlled outdoor public gatherings.....	12
17 Direction about controlled outdoor public gatherings	13
Division 3—Use of premises for specific activities	14
18 Direction about auctions, open houses or other inspections or viewings.....	14
19 Direction for religious services held on premises other than place of public worship.....	14
Part 5—Recording contact details	14
20 Direction concerning persons providing contact details	14
Part 6—Prohibition on spitting and coughing	15
21 Direction—spitting or coughing on public official or other worker	15
Part 7—COVID-19 self-isolation	16
22 Direction—persons diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate.....	16
23 Direction—close contacts of persons diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate	17
Part 8—COVID-19 affected areas	19
24 Definitions.....	19
25 Direction about potential affected person providing information for entry	20
26 Direction—certain persons must not enter or remain in the Territory	20
27 Direction concerning persons from COVID-19 affected areas.....	21
28 Direction concerning persons from affected areas subject to a state-at-home requirement.....	22
29 Direction concerning persons from COVID-19 places of concern.....	22
30 Other directions concerning affected persons.....	22
Part 9—Exemptions and enforcement	23
31 Exemptions	23

32 Enforcement.....	23
Schedule 1—Premises and events requiring COVID-19 Safety Plan	24
Schedule 2—Exempted gatherings	26
Schedule 3—Premises requiring entry records	27
Part 1—Premises	27
Part 2—Premises at which the following events are being held	28
Part 3—General exceptions	28

Part 1—Preliminary

1 Name

This Direction is the *Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Direction (No. 6) 2021*.

2 Commencement

This Direction takes effect immediately after it is made.

3 Authority

- (1) This Direction is made under section 120 of the Act.
- (2) This Direction is considered necessary or desirable to alleviate the emergency declared under the *Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Declaration 2020*.

Note: The *Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency (Temporary Restrictions) Direction 2021 (No. 2)* prevails over this Direction to the extent of any inconsistency: see section 5 of that Direction.

4 Duration

This Direction is in force for the period ending on the day the declared emergency (as extended or further extended) ends, unless it is earlier revoked.

5 Revocation

- (1) This Direction revokes the repealed direction.
- (2) For the avoidance of doubt, any act, matter or thing that, immediately before the revocation of the repealed direction, had effect under that direction continues to have effect under this Direction.
- (3) If, immediately before the commencement of this Direction, a person was required to keep a record under the repealed direction, that requirement continues under this Direction as if the repealed direction remained in force.
- (4) If, immediately before the commencement of this Direction, an exemption granted by an emergency services officer under the repealed direction was in force, that exemption continues as if it were granted under this Direction.
- (5) In this section:

repealed direction means the *Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Direction (No. 5) 2021*.

6 Booderee National Park

For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Direction authorises the entry of a person into the Booderee National Park (the **Park**), including an area of the Park, or the engagement of an activity in the Park, including in an area of the Park, that is otherwise in contravention of a prohibition or restriction imposed by the Director of National Parks under subregulations 12.23(3) and 12.23A(3) of the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2000* (Cwlth).

7 Definitions

Note: A number of expressions used in this Direction are defined in the Act and the *Legislation Act 2001* (ACT) as in force in the Territory under section 4A of the *Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915* (Cwlth).

In this Direction (including the Schedules to this Direction):

Act means the *Public Health Act 1997* (ACT), as in force in the Jervis Bay Territory under section 4A of the *Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915* (Cwlth).

ACT liquor legislation means the *Liquor Act 2010* (ACT), and any regulations made under or for the purposes of this Act, as in force in the Territory under section 4A of the *Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915* (Cwlth).

amusement centre means a building or place (not being part of a pub or registered club) used principally for playing:

- (a) billiards, pool or other like games; or
- (b) electronic or mechanical amusement devices, such as pinball machines, computer or video games and the like.

approved COVID-19 safety checklist means, for a type of premises or event, a COVID-19 safety checklist, approved by the NSW Chief Health Officer and published on the New South Wales Government website at the time this Direction takes effect.

Australian Defence Force has the same meaning as in the *Defence Act 1903* (Cwlth).

authorised person means an authorised person under section 121 of the Act.

business premises means a building or place at or on which:

- (a) an occupation, profession or trade (other than an industry) is carried on for the provision of services directly to members of the public on a regular basis; or
- (b) a service is provided directly to members of the public on a regular basis; and includes a funeral home and, without limitation, premises such as banks, post offices, hairdressers, dry cleaners, travel agencies, internet access facilities, betting agencies and the like, but does not include an entertainment facility, home business, home occupation, home occupation

(sex services), medical centre, restricted premises, sex services premises or veterinary hospital.

camping ground means an area of land that has access to communal amenities and on which campervans or tents, annexes or other similar portable and lightweight temporary shelters are, or are to be, installed, erected or placed for short term use, but does not include a caravan park.

caravan park means land (including a camping ground) on which caravans (or caravans and other moveable dwellings) are, or are to be, installed or placed.

cellar door premises means a building or place that is used to sell wine by retail and that is situated on land on which there is a commercial vineyard, and where most of the wine offered for sale is produced in a winery situated on that land or is produced predominantly from grapes grown in the surrounding area.

cinema means a cinema that is open to members of the public.

close contact means a person identified as:

- (a) likely to have come into contact with a person with COVID-19; and
- (b) being at risk of developing COVID-19.

contact details, for a person visiting or entering premises, means:

- (a) the person's name; and
- (b) the person's telephone number or email address; and
- (c) the time at which the person entered the premises.

construction site means a place at which work, including related excavation, is being carried out to erect, demolish, extend or alter a building or structure, or at which civil works are being carried out, but not work carried out in relation to a dwelling in which a person is residing.

controlled outdoor public gathering means an outdoor public gathering in an area:

- (a) that is enclosed or bounded by fencing or another form of barrier; and
- (b) access to which is controlled by way of a ticket; and
- (c) in relation to which all persons, other than persons engaged in work, are assigned to specific seats or to a seating area.

corporate event means an event or hospitality or social activity organised, held or funded by a business or other organisation for staff, clients or stakeholders, but does not include a gathering referred to in Schedule 2.

COVID-19 environmental cleaning means environmental cleaning and disinfection in a workplace or other non-residential premises to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

COVID-19 safe outdoor public gathering: see subsection 16(2).

COVID-19 safety plan means the safety plan for the type of activity or premises that addresses the matters required by the COVID-19 safety checklist approved by the NSW Chief Health Officer in relation to the type of activity or premises and published on the NSW Government website at the time this Direction takes effect.

declared emergency means the emergency declared under the *Public Health (Jervis Bay Territory) Emergency Declaration 2020* (as extended or further extended).

Department means the Commonwealth Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communications.

designated health practitioner means any of the following:

- (a) a medical practitioner;
- (b) a registered nurse;
- (c) a nurse practitioner;
- (d) a paramedic.

diagnosed person means a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19.

Director of National Parks has the same meaning as in the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (Cwlth).

early education and care facility means a building or place used for the education and care of children, and includes a centre-based child care facility, home-based child care and school-based child care.

emergency services officer has the same meaning as in the *Jervis Bay Territory Emergency Management Ordinance 2015* (Cwlth).

entertainment facility means a theatre, cinema, music hall, concert hall, dance hall and the like, but does not include a pub or registered club.

event includes a function.

food and drink premises means premises that are used for the preparation and retail sale of food or drink (or both) for immediate consumption on or off the premises, and includes any of the following:

- (a) a restaurant or café;
- (b) take away food and drink premises;
- (c) a pub;
- (d) a small bar.

function centre means a building or place used for the holding of events, functions, conferences and the like, and includes convention centres, exhibition centres and reception centres, but does not include an entertainment facility.

gymnasium means a gymnasium that is a recreation facility (indoor) and that is open to members of the public, but does not include a dance, yoga, pilates, gymnastics or martial arts studio.

health profession means the following professions, and includes a recognised specialty in any of the following professions:

- (a) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health practice;
- (b) Chinese medicine;
- (c) chiropractic;
- (d) dental (including the profession of a dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, dental prosthetist and oral health therapist);
- (e) medical;
- (f) medical radiation practice;
- (g) midwifery;
- (h) nursing;
- (i) occupational therapy;
- (j) optometry;
- (k) osteopathy;
- (l) paramedicine;
- (m) pharmacy;
- (n) physiotherapy;
- (o) podiatry;
- (p) psychology.

health worker means:

- (a) a person employed in the NSW Health Service within the meaning of the *Health Services Act 1997* (NSW), or
- (b) a person engaged by the Health Administration Corporation, within the meaning of the *Health Administration Act 1982* (NSW), to enable the Corporation to exercise its functions, or
- (c) a person engaged by a public health organisation, within the meaning of the *Health Services Act 1997* (NSW), to enable the organisation to exercise its functions, or
- (d) a member of staff of a licensed private health facility within the meaning of the *Private Health Facilities Act 2007* (NSW), or
- (e) a registered health practitioner, or
- (f) a person who works in a pharmacy or on other premises at which a health practitioner routinely practises the practitioner's profession, or
- (g) a member of staff of St John Ambulance Australia (NSW), or
- (h) a member of staff of the Royal Flying Doctor Service of Australia (NSW Section), or
- (i) a person engaged or employed by the South Coast Medical Service Aboriginal Corporation.

hospitality venue means the following:

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- (a) a casino;
 - (b) food and drink premises;
 - (c) micro-breweries, small distilleries holding a drink on-premises authorisation under the ACT liquor legislation and cellar door premises;
 - (d) pubs;
 - (e) registered clubs;
 - (f) small bars.

household means persons living together in the same place of residence.

indoor area includes an area in a building or other structure, whether or not temporary, which has a roof, ceiling or other top covering, but does not include an area with at least 2 sides open to the weather.

information and education facility means a building or place used for providing information or education to visitors, and the exhibition or display of items, and includes an art gallery, museum, library, visitor information centre and the like.

market means an open-air area, or an existing building, that is used for the purpose of selling, exposing or offering goods, merchandise or materials for sale by independent stall holders, and includes temporary structures and existing permanent structures used for that purpose on an intermittent or occasional basis.

medically cleared, in relation to a person, means the person has been assessed by a medical practitioner as not infectious for COVID-19.

music festival means an event, other than a concert, that:

- (a) is music-focused or dance-focused, and
- (b) has performances by a series of persons or groups that are engaged to play or perform to live or pre-recorded music, or to provide another form of musical or live entertainment; and
- (c) is held within a defined area; and
- (d) is attended by 2,000 or more persons; and
- (e) is a ticketed event.

National Law has the same meaning as in the *My Health Records Act 2012* (Cwlth).

natural swimming pool means a swimming pool that only contains untreated water that is supplied directly to the pool from the ocean or other natural water source and that does not have a circulation system.

nightclub has the same meaning as in the ACT liquor legislation.

NSW Chief Health Officer means the Chief Health Officer as defined under the *Public Health Act 2010* (NSW).

NSW Health self-isolation guideline means the NSW Health COVID-19 self-isolation guideline issued by the NSW Chief Health Officer and published on the website of NSW Health at the time this Direction takes effect.

Note: www.health.nsw.gov.au

occupier of premises or a part of premises (including premises that are vacant) means:

- (a) the owner of the premises or part; or
- (b) if any other person is entitled to occupy the premises or part to the exclusion of the owner, the person so entitled, and includes the operator of a vehicle or vessel.

outdoor area means an area that is not an indoor area.

outdoor rehearsal or performance means a rehearsal or performance of performing arts by one or more persons that is conducted in an outdoor public place.

parent, in relation to a child, includes a person who has parental responsibility for, or care of, the child.

party bus means a vehicle being used on a commercial basis for the purposes of a party, whether or not the party takes place during transportation between locations.

place of public worship means a building or place used for the purpose of religious worship by a congregation or religious group, whether or not the building or place is also used for counselling, social events, instruction or religious training.

place of residence includes the premises where a person lives and a garden, yard, passage, stairs, garage, outhouse or other area or thing attached to, or used in connection with, the premises.

pub means licensed premises under the ACT liquor legislation the principal purpose of which is the retail sale of liquor for consumption on the premises, whether or not the premises include hotel or motel accommodation and whether or not food is sold or entertainment is provided on the premises.

public gathering means a meeting or assembly of persons for a common purpose, including an organised or planned event, in a public place (whether ticketed or not).

public official means:

- (a) an authorised person; or
- (b) an emergency services officer; or
- (c) a health worker; or
- (d) a police officer; or
- (e) another person exercising public functions under a law in force in the Territory; or
- (f) an Immigration and Border Protection worker within the meaning of the *Australian Border Force Act 2015* (Cwlth); or

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- (g) a person employed or otherwise engaged by the Department or the Commonwealth Department of Health.

public place means:

- (a) a place (whether or not covered by water); or
- (b) a part of premises;

that is open to the public, or is used by the public whether or not on payment of money or other consideration, whether or not the place or part is ordinarily so open or used and whether or not the public to whom it is open consists only of a limited class of persons, but does not include a school.

recreation facility (indoor) means a building or place used predominantly for indoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a squash court, indoor swimming pool, gymnasium, table tennis centre, health studio, bowling alley, ice rink or any other building or place of a like character used for indoor recreation, but does not include an entertainment facility, a recreation facility (major) or a registered club.

recreation facility (major) means a building or place used for large-scale sporting or recreation activities that are attended by large numbers of people whether regularly or periodically, and includes theme parks, sports stadiums, showgrounds, racecourses and motor racing tracks.

registered club means a club that holds a club licence under the ACT liquor legislation.

registered health practitioner means a person registered under a National Law to practise a health profession (other than as a student).

sex services premises means a brothel, but does not include home occupation (sex services).

short-term rental means premises to which a short-term rental accommodation arrangement applies.

short-term rental accommodation arrangement means a commercial arrangement for giving a person the right to occupy residential premises for a period of not more than 3 months at any one time.

significant event means:

- (a) a funeral or memorial service; or
- (b) a wedding service; or
- (c) a gathering following a funeral or memorial service or wedding service.

small bar means a licensed premises under the ACT liquor legislation the principal purpose of which is the retail sale of liquor for consumption on the premises and which is licensed for no more than 120 patrons on the premises.

take away food and drink premises means premises that are predominantly used for the preparation and retail sale of food or drink (or both) for immediate consumption away from the premises.

Territory has the same meaning as in the *Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915* (Cwlth).

truck driver means the driver of a vehicle being used to transport goods in connection with the driver's work.

truck stop means a place at which driver rooms, driver lounges or similar facilities are located for the use of truck drivers, and includes roadhouses, roadside rest areas and service stations used by truck drivers in connection with their work.

work includes work done as a volunteer or for a charitable organisation.

8 Calculation of space available for persons

- (1) In calculating both the space available for each person on any premises and the number of persons on the premises, the following persons are not to be included in any calculations:
 - (a) any person engaged in work on the premises for the occupier of the premises;
 - (b) any person on the premises because of an emergency;
 - (c) if the premises are food and drink premises—any person ordering or collecting food or drink to consume off the premises.
- (2) In calculating the space available for each person on any premises, only the areas that are open to the public are to be included in the calculations.

Part 2—Residential premises

9 Direction about number of persons allowed on residential premises

- (1) A responsible person must not allow more than 100 visitors to be at a place of residence, or more than 100 persons to use premises for the purpose of a holiday home or a short-term rental, at the one time unless:
 - (a) each visitor or person provides their contact details by electronically registering them by means of a mobile phone or other device at the time the person enters the premises with a responsible person; and
 - (b) a responsible person:
 - (i) has and complies with a COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the type of premises in column 2 of Schedule 1, and
 - (ii) keeps a copy of the COVID-19 Safety Plan while the gathering occurs at the premises and makes it available for inspection by an emergency services officer as requested.

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- (2) A person must not participate in a gathering that contravenes subsection (1).
 - (3) A person is not a visitor to a place of residence if the person is a member of the household of the place of residence.
 - (4) Subsections 20(4) and (6) apply to contact details provided for this section as if:
 - (a) for a reference to the occupier of the premise—the reference included a responsible person to whom contact details are provided for this section; and
 - (b) for a reference to a person providing contact details—the reference included a person providing contact details for this section.
 - (5) In this section:
responsible person means:
 - (a) for a place of residence—each adult member of the household; or
 - (b) for premises being used for the purpose of a holiday home or a short-term rental—the occupier of the premises.

10 Direction about residential aged care facilities

- (1) The operator of a residential aged care facility must consider the advice of the NSW Chief Health Officer in relation to all of the following matters:
 - (a) the management of visitors to the premises of the facility;
 - (b) the screening of staff and visitors before entering the premises of the facility;
 - (c) the conduct of group recreational or other activities for residents of the facility;
 - (d) the wearing of face masks by staff and visitors;
 - (e) vaccinations against influenza or COVID-19 for staff, visitors and residents.
- (2) In this section:
operator of a residential aged care facility means the person who owns, controls or operates the facility.
residential aged care facility means a facility at which any of the following services are provided to a person in relation to whom a residential care subsidy or flexible care subsidy is payable under the *Aged Care Act 1997* (Cwlth):
 - (a) accommodation;
 - (b) personal care or nursing care.

Part 3—Non-residential premises

11 Direction requiring COVID-19 Safety Plans

The occupiers of premises listed in column 1 of Schedule 1 must:

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- (a) develop and comply with a COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the premises in column 2 of Schedule 1; and
 - (b) keep a copy of the COVID-19 Safety Plan on the premises and make it available for inspection by an emergency services officer as requested.

12 Direction about the number of persons allowed on premises

- (1) The occupier of premises must not allow more persons on the premises than the greater of:
 - (a) the number of persons that is equivalent to one person per 2 square metres of space in the premises; or
 - (b) 25 persons.
- (2) This section does not apply to:
 - (a) a place of residence; or
 - (b) an entertainment facility; or
 - (c) a recreation facility (major); or
 - (d) a vessel used for commercial tours for scuba diving, snorkelling or whale, dolphin or marine animal watching, but only if there are 50 or fewer persons on the vessel; or
 - (e) caravan parks and camping grounds; or
 - (f) holiday homes and short-term rentals; or
 - (g) a gathering referred to in Schedule 2.

13 Direction about entertainment facilities and recreation facilities (major)

- (1) The occupier of an entertainment facility or indoor recreation facility (major) must ensure the maximum number of persons on the premises is the greater of the following:
 - (a) the number of persons equal to 100% of the fixed seating capacity of the facility; or
 - (b) the number of persons equivalent to one person per 2 square metres of space in the facility.
- (2) The occupier of an outdoor recreation facility (major) must ensure the maximum number of persons on the premises is the greater of the following:
 - (a) the total of:
 - (i) 100% of the fixed seating capacity of facility; and
 - (ii) the number of persons equal to one person per 2 square metres of space of any unfixed seating areas of the facility;
 - (b) the number of persons equivalent to one person per 2 square metres of space in the facility.
- (3) If the occupier of an entertainment facility or recreation facility (major) calculates the maximum number of persons allowed to be on the premises based

on the percentage of the fixed seating capacity of the entertainment facility, the occupier must ensure:

- (a) admission to the premises is by way of a ticket; and
- (b) all persons, other than persons engaged in work, are assigned to specific seats.

Part 4—Events and activities

Division 1—Significant events

14 Direction about COVID-19 Safety Plans for significant events

- (1) The responsible person for a significant event must:
 - (a) have and comply with a COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the type of event in column 2 of Schedule 1; and

Note: If a person is a responsible person for more than one significant event the person may not need to develop a specific COVID-19 Safety Plan for each event. For example, if wedding services are regularly held in an indoor area on premises, the occupier of the premises may have one COVID-19 Safety Plan that applies to all wedding services held on the premises.

- (b) keep a copy of the COVID-19 Safety Plan on the premises while the significant event is being held and make it available for inspection by an emergency services officer as requested.

- (2) In this section:

responsible person means:

- (a) for a significant event held in a public park, a reserve or a public garden—the person organising the event or conducting the service; and
- (b) for another significant event—the occupier of the premises.

Division 2—Outdoor public gatherings

15 Definitions

In this Division:

organiser of a controlled outdoor public gathering or other outdoor public gathering means the person principally responsible for organising the gathering.

16 Direction about non-controlled outdoor public gatherings

- (1) A person must not participate in an outdoor public gathering of more than 200 persons unless it is a COVID-19 safe outdoor public gathering.
- (2) An outdoor public gathering is a **COVID-19 safe outdoor public gathering** for the purposes of this Direction if the organiser of the gathering:

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- (a) has and complies with a COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the type of event in column 2 of Schedule 1; and
 - (b) keeps a copy of the COVID-19 Safety Plan and makes it available for inspection by an emergency services officer as requested.
- (3) The organiser of a COVID-19 safe outdoor public gathering must ensure the maximum number of participants in the gathering is the lesser of the following:
- (a) the number of participants equivalent to one person per 2 square metres of space of the premises in which the activity is conducted;
 - (b) 5,000 persons.
- (4) This section does not apply to:
- (a) a gathering on premises for which a person is required by section 11 to develop and keep a COVID-19 Safety Plan; or
 - (b) a gathering listed in Schedule 2; or
 - (c) a gathering to provide emergency assistance to a person or persons; or
 - (d) a controlled outdoor public gathering.

17 Direction about controlled outdoor public gatherings

- (1) The organiser of a controlled outdoor public gathering must:
 - (a) have and comply with a COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the type of event in column 2 of Schedule 1; and
 - (b) keep a copy of the COVID-19 Safety Plan and make it available for inspection by an emergency services officer as requested.
- (2) The organiser of a controlled outdoor public gathering must ensure that all persons participating in the gathering, other than persons engaged in work, are assigned to specific seats or to a seating area.
- (3) The organiser of a controlled outdoor public gathering must ensure that the maximum number of persons participating in the gathering is the lesser of the following:
 - (a) the number of persons equivalent to one person per 2 square metres of space of the premises in which the activity is conducted;
 - (b) 10,000 persons.
- (4) The organiser of a controlled outdoor public gathering must ensure that the gathering does not last longer than 5 hours.
- (5) This section does not apply to the following:
 - (a) a gathering on premises for which a person is required by section 11 to develop and keep a COVID-19 Safety Plan;
 - (b) a gathering listed in Schedule 2.

Division 3—Use of premises for specific activities

18 Direction about auctions, open houses or other inspections or viewings

- (1) If a real estate agent is engaged to sell or lease real property, the agent must ensure that an auction, open house or other inspection or viewing of the property is conducted in compliance with the COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the type of event in column 2 of Schedule 1.

- (2) In this section:

real estate agent has the same meaning as in the *Property and Stock Agents Act 2002* (NSW).

19 Direction for religious services held on premises other than place of public worship

The person principally responsible for organising a religious service on premises other than a place of public worship must:

- (a) have and comply with a COVID-19 Safety Plan that addresses the matters required by the approved COVID-19 safety checklist set out opposite the type of event in column 2 of Schedule 1; and
- (b) keep a copy of the COVID-19 Safety Plan on the premises and make it available for inspection by an emergency services officer as requested.

Part 5—Recording contact details

20 Direction concerning persons providing contact details

- (1) A person who enters premises specified in Schedule 3, subject to the exceptions in the Schedule, must ensure the person's contact details are registered electronically with Service NSW when the person enters the premises:
 - (a) by using the person's phone to register the details; or
 - (b) by having another person use a phone to register the details on the person's behalf if the person is not able to use the person's phone to register the details; or
 - (c) by providing the details to the occupier of the premises if:
 - (i) it is not possible to register the person's details under paragraph (a) or (b); or
 - (ii) it would be unsafe to use a phone on the premises because of the nature of the premises.
- (2) The occupier of the premises must take reasonable steps to ensure a person complies with subsection (1) when entering the premises.
- (3) If the premises are a vehicle, the registered operator of the vehicle must ensure that the vehicle is not used as a taxi or hire car unless:

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- (a) the vehicle is registered with Service NSW; and
 - (b) provision is made to enable passengers, when entering the vehicle, to register contact details using a phone in accordance with this section.
 - (4) A person is not required to register the person's contact details when entering premises contained within and only accessible through other premises (the *main premises*) unless:
 - (a) the premises being entered are a gym, an entertainment facility, a hospitality venue, a nightclub or retail premises; or
 - (b) the person was not required to register the person's contact details in accordance with this section when entering the main premises.
 - (5) If a person's contact details are provided to the occupier of the premises under paragraph (1)(c) rather than Service NSW, the occupier must:
 - (a) keep, for at least 4 weeks, a record of the contact details in a way that ensures the record is readily accessible and in an appropriate form to provide to an emergency services officer under paragraph (b); and
 - (b) on request, provide the record, in electronic form, to an emergency services officer as soon as practicable, but no later than 4 hours, after the request is made; and
 - (c) ensure that a person is:
 - (i) responsible for requiring contact details to be provided in accordance with this section; and
 - (ii) authorised to provide records to an emergency services officer under paragraph (b).
 - (5) If a significant event or religious service is held or conducted at an outdoor public place, other than a place specified in Part 1 of Schedule 3, the person organising, conducting or otherwise officiating at the event or service is taken to be the occupier of the premises for the purposes of this section.
 - (6) If a person cannot complete the electronic registration of the person's contact details because of age, disability or an inability to speak or comprehend the language used by the electronic registration device, another person may complete the registration on the person's behalf.

Part 6—Prohibition on spitting and coughing

21 Direction—spitting or coughing on public official or other worker

- (1) A person must not intentionally spit at or cough on any of the following persons in a way that would reasonably be likely to cause fear about the spread of COVID-19:
 - (a) a public official;
 - (b) another worker while the worker is:
 - (i) at the worker's place of work; or
 - (ii) travelling to or from that place of work.

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- (2) If the worker's place of work is the worker's residential premises, the place of work does not, for the purposes of this section, include any part of the premises used solely for residential purposes.
- (3) Without limiting paragraph (1)(b), a worker includes the following:
- (a) a retail worker;
 - (b) a person who works at an airport;
 - (c) a person who works for an electricity, gas, water or other utility company;
 - (d) a person who works in the transport industry or a transport-related industry;
 - (e) a member of the Australian Defence Force.

Note: Examples of public officials and workers include hospital staff, bus drivers, train drivers, ferry deckhands, taxi drivers, ride share drivers, food delivery workers, security guards, electricity, gas and water meter readers and postal delivery staff (including persons working for an entity under a contract, directly or indirectly, on behalf of a government).

Part 7—COVID-19 self-isolation

22 Definitions

In this Part:

authorised contact tracer means:

- (a) an emergency services officer;
- (b) a person engaged by a State or the Australian Capital Territory whose duties include:
 - (i) identifying persons who may have come into contact with a person with COVID-19, or
 - (ii) notifying a person that the person has been identified as a close contact.

COVID-19 vaccine means one of the available vaccines that substantially reduce the risk of infection, transmission, severe illness and death resulting from SARS-CoV-2.

fully vaccinated person, at a time, means a person who has had 2 doses of a COVID-19 vaccine at least 14 days before the time.

23 Direction—persons diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate

- (1) A diagnosed person must, immediately after receiving the diagnosis of COVID-19, travel directly to:
- (a) the person's place of residence or a place suitable for the person to reside in, or
 - (b) a residence or place that has been determined by a designated health practitioner to be suitable for the person to reside in; or
 - (c) if determined as necessary by a designated health practitioner—a hospital for assessment of the person by a medical practitioner; or
 - (d) if the person is from a State or the Australian Capital Territory and a designated health practitioner considers it appropriate for the person to

return to that State or Territory—a residence, hospital or other place in that State or Territory that has been determined by the designated health practitioner to be suitable for the person.

- (2) A diagnosed person to whom paragraph (1)(c) applies must, immediately after leaving or being discharged from the hospital, travel directly to a residence or place that has been determined by a designated health practitioner to be suitable for the person to reside in.
- (3) A diagnosed person to whom paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) or subsection (2) applies must:
 - (a) reside at the residence or place until medically cleared; and
 - (b) provide the address of the residence or place and a contact telephone number to the designated health practitioner.
- (4) While residing at the residence or place determined under this section, the diagnosed person must do the following:
 - (a) not leave the residence or place except:
 - (i) for the purposes of obtaining medical care or medical supplies; or
 - (ii) in any other emergency situation;
 - (b) not permit any other person to enter the residence or place unless:
 - (i) that other person usually lives at the residence or place or the other person is also complying with a requirement under this Direction; or
 - (ii) the entry is for medical or emergency purposes; or
 - (iii) the entry is to a place (other than a residence) for the purposes of delivering food or essential items;
 - (c) otherwise comply with the NSW Health self-isolation guideline.
- (5) A diagnosed person must, if directed to do so by an authorised contact tracer, immediately provide the following information to the authorised contact tracer:
 - (a) details of the diagnosed person's contact with other persons within the previous 28 days, including their name and contact details (if known);
 - (b) details of the places the diagnosed person has been within the previous 28 days.

24 Direction—close contacts of persons diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate

- (1) A close contact must, if directed in writing to do so by or on behalf of an authorised contact tracer, immediately travel directly to:
 - (a) the close contact's residence or a place suitable for the close contact to reside in, or
 - (b) if determined as necessary by a designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer—a residence or place that has been determined by the designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer to be suitable for the close contact to reside in, or

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- (c) if the close contact is from a State or the Australian Capital Territory and a designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer considers it appropriate for the close contact to return to the State or Territory—a residence, hospital or other place in the State or Territory that has been determined by the designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer to be suitable for the close contact.
- (2) If a designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer determines that a hospital, residence or place that a close contact is residing in is not suitable for the person, the person must travel directly, and in a way determined by the designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer, to:
 - (a) a residence or place that the designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer determines is suitable for the close contact to reside in, or
 - (b) if determined as necessary by a designated health practitioner or authorised contact tracer—a hospital for assessment by a medical practitioner.
 - (3) A close contact to whom paragraph (1)(a) or (b) or (2)(a) applies must reside at the residence or other suitable place for the period of time, not exceeding the following period, determined by an authorised contact tracer and notified in writing to the close contact:
 - (a) for a close contact who was a fully vaccinated person at the identified time of contact—7 days,
 - (b) for other close contacts—14 days.
 - (4) A close contact to whom paragraph (1)(a) or (b) or (2)(a) applies and who intends to reside at a residence or place must, on request, provide the address of the residence or place and a contact telephone number to an authorised contact tracer.
 - (5) A close contact referred to in paragraph (1)(a) or (b) or (2)(a), while residing at the residence or place, must do the following:
 - (a) not leave the residence or place except:
 - (i) for the purposes of obtaining medical care, including a test for COVID-19, or medical supplies, or
 - (ii) in another emergency situation;
 - (b) not permit another person to enter the residence or place unless:
 - (i) the other person usually lives at the residence or place or the other person is also complying with a direction under this Order, or
 - (ii) the entry is for medical or emergency purposes, or
 - (iii) the entry is to a place, other than a residence, for the purposes of delivering food or essential items;
 - (c) otherwise comply with the NSW Health self-isolation guideline.
 - (6) A close contact referred to in paragraph (1)(a) or (b) or (2)(a), while residing at the residence or place, must, if directed in writing to do so by an authorised contact tracer:
 - (a) be tested for COVID-19 and provide information about the date, time and location of the test, or

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- (b) continue to comply with this section for a further period, not exceeding 14 days, specified by the authorised contact tracer.

25 Direction—close contacts of persons diagnosed with COVID-19 must self-isolate

- (1) This section applies to a person who:
 - (a) is a close contact; and
 - (b) is not a diagnosed person; and
 - (c) is in the Territory; and
 - (d) before the commencement of this Direction, had received a written notification from an authorised contact tracer that the person should self-isolate or quarantine for a period of time; and
 - (e) the period of time specified in that written notification has not elapsed at the time this Direction commenced.
- (2) The person must comply with section 24, as if the written notification mentioned in paragraph 1(d) is a determination issued under subsection 24(3).
- (3) To avoid doubt, this section does not limit or affect subsection 5(2).

Part 8—COVID-19 affected areas

26 Definitions

In this Part:

ACT COVID-19 Affected Areas Direction means any of the following, applying as if the Territory formed part of the Australian Capital Territory:

- (a) the *Public Health (COVID-19 Affected Areas) Emergency Direction 2021 (No 10)* (the **original Direction**), as made by the chief health officer under section 120 of the *Public Health Act 1997* (ACT) as in force in the Australian Capital Territory; or
- (b) any subsequent direction made under section 120 of that Act which revokes and replaces the original Direction or a replacement direction; or
- (c) any subsequent direction made under section 120 of that Act to alleviate an emergency declared by a COVID-19 declaration under section 119 of that Act, and which defines ‘affected person’ and directs an affected person to undertake a period of quarantine (however described).

Note: Section 102 of the *Legislation Act 2001* (ACT) deals with references to laws including references to laws as in force from time to time and repealed and remade laws.

ACT required quarantine period means the period of quarantine (however described, including as a ‘stay-at-home requirement’) the person would be directed to undertake by the ACT COVID-19 Affected Areas Direction if that person were in the Australian Capital Territory.

affected area subject to a stay-at-home requirement has the same meaning as in the ACT COVID-19 Affected Areas Direction but does not include an area or place in the Territory or the Shoalhaven LGA.

affected person means a person who is an affected person within the meaning of the ACT COVID-19 Affected Areas Direction (applying as if no area or place in the Territory and the Shoalhaven LGA were a COVID-19 affected area).

COVID-19 place of concern has the same meaning as in the ACT COVID-19 Affected Areas Direction.

essential services includes the following:

- (a) emergency services;
- (b) freight and logistics;
- (c) the maintenance and repair of critical infrastructure;
- (d) health services;
- (e) law enforcement;
- (f) Commonwealth defence and security services.

Shoalhaven LGA means the New South Wales local government area of the City of Shoalhaven.

relevant ACT conditions, in relation to a person subject to an ACT required quarantine period, means the conditions that would be applicable to the person under the ACT COVID-19 Affected Areas Direction if the person were quarantining in the Australian Capital Territory.

27 Direction about potential affected person providing information for entry

- (1) A person must, if required to do so by an emergency services officer, provide information (including photo identification) to allow a decision to be made about whether the person is:
 - (a) an affected person; or
 - (b) a person who has been in an affected area subject to a stay-at-home requirement; or
 - (c) a person who has been in a COVID-19 place of concern.
- (2) An emergency services officer may require information under subsection (1) only if the officer suspects on reasonable grounds that the person may be a person of a kind referred to in paragraphs (1)(a), 1(b) or 1(c).
- (3) A person who provides information in response to requirement under this section must ensure that the information is true and accurate.

28 Direction—certain persons must not enter or remain in the Territory

- (1) This section applies to a person if the person would be subject to an ACT required quarantine period because the person is:
 - (a) an affected person; or

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- (b) a person who has been in an affected area subject to a stay-at-home requirement; or
 - (c) a person who has been in a COVID-19 place of concern.
- (2) The person must not enter, or remain in, the Territory unless:
- (a) the person's usual place of residence is in the Territory; or
 - (b) the person enters, or remains in, the Territory for any of the following purposes:
 - (i) to obtain medical or other care;
 - (ii) to fulfil a legal obligation or giving effect to a court order;
 - (iii) to provide an essential service.
- (3) Unless subsection (2) applies, the person must leave the Territory if asked to do so by an emergency services officer.

29 Direction concerning persons from COVID-19 affected areas

- (1) An affected person must, immediately on entering the Territory, travel directly to:
- (a) the person's place of residence; or
 - (b) another place that is suitable for the person to reside in.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (5)(b), an affected person must remain at the person's place of residence or other suitable place for the ACT required quarantine period.
- (3) While residing at the residence or suitable place under this Direction, the affected person must do the following:
- (a) not leave the residence or place other than in an emergency situation;
 - (b) not allow any other person to enter the residence or place unless:
 - (i) that other person usually lives at the residence or place or the other person is also complying with an obligation under this Direction; or
 - (ii) the entry is for medical or emergency purposes; or
 - (iii) the entry is to a place (other than a residence) for the purposes of delivering food or essential items;
 - (c) otherwise comply with the NSW Health self-isolation guideline.
- (4) An affected person must, when not at the person's usual place of residence or other suitable place mentioned in subsection (2), take all reasonable steps to minimise contact with other persons.
- (5) An affected person must, if directed in writing to do so by an emergency services officer:
- (a) be tested for COVID-19 and provide information about the date, time and location of the test; or
 - (b) continue to comply with this section for a further period, not exceeding 14 days, specified by the emergency services officer.

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- (6) To avoid doubt, this section applies to an affected person who at the time the person entered the Territory was not an affected person for the purposes of this section.

30 Direction concerning persons from affected areas subject to a stay-at-home requirement

- (1) This section applies to a person who is not an affected person but who has been in an affected area subject to a stay-at-home requirement and is subject to an ACT required quarantine period.
- (2) The person must, immediately on entering the Territory, travel directly to:
- (a) the person's place of residence; or
 - (b) another place that is suitable for the person to reside in.
- (3) The person must stay at the place for the ACT required quarantine period, and must not leave the place except as permitted under the relevant ACT conditions.

31 Direction concerning persons from COVID-19 places of concern

- (1) This section applies to a person who is not an affected person but who has been in a COVID-19 place of concern and is subject to an ACT required quarantine period.
- (2) The person must, immediately on entering the Territory, travel directly to:
- (a) the person's place of residence; or
 - (b) another premises that is suitable for the person to reside in.
- (3) The person must stay at the place for the ACT required quarantine period, and must not leave the place except as permitted under the relevant ACT conditions.
- (4) The person must comply with any requirement to be tested for COVID-19 that applies under the relevant ACT conditions.
- (5) In addition to any requirement to be tested for COVID-19 which applies because of subsections (3) or (4), the person must, if directed in writing to do so by an emergency services officer, be tested for COVID-19 and provide information about the date, time and location of the test.

32 Other directions concerning affected persons

To avoid doubt, a person who is required to quarantine or stay at home under sections 29, 30 or 31 must comply with any other provisions applicable to the person under this Direction (including in respect of isolation under sections 23, 24, or 25).

Part 9—Exemptions and enforcement

33 Exemptions

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), a relevant departmental official may, in writing and subject to the conditions that the official considers appropriate, grant an exemption to this Direction or specified provisions of this Direction.
- (2) A relevant departmental official may, in writing and subject to the conditions that the official considers appropriate, exempt a person from the operation of sections 23, 24 or 25 if satisfied it is necessary to protect the health and wellbeing of any member of the public.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to section 21.
- (4) A person who is granted an exemption under subsection (1) or (2) must comply with any conditions imposed.
- (5) In this section:

EL 2, Territories means an APS employee in the Department who is classified as Executive Level 2 and who has responsibility for the Territory.

relevant departmental official means:

- (a) an EL 2, Territories; or
- (b) a SES 1, Territories; or
- (c) a SES 2, Territories; or
- (d) a SES 3, Territories.

SES 1, Territories means an APS employee in the Department who is classified as Senior Executive Band 1 and who has responsibility for the Territory.

SES 2, Territories means an APS employee in the Department who is classified as Senior Executive Band 2 and who has responsibility for the Territory.

SES 3, Territories means an APS employee in the Department who is classified as Senior Executive Band 3 and who has responsibility for the Territory.

34 Enforcement

- (1) If a person fails to comply with this Direction or with a condition imposed under section 33, an authorised person may then direct the person to do such things as are reasonably necessary to comply with the Direction or with the condition including, upon request, to produce proof of identification to the authorised person.
- (2) If a person fails to comply with any direction given under subsection (1), then the authorised person may take all reasonable steps to enforce compliance with this direction or any other provision in this Direction.

Schedule 1—Premises and events requiring COVID-19 Safety Plan

Sections 9, 11, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19

Column 1	Column 2
Premises or event	Approved COVID-19 safety checklist
Amusement centres	Entertainment facilities
Aquariums	Information and education facilities
Auctions, open houses or other inspections or viewings of real property for sale or lease	Retail and auctions
Business premises that are used for auction houses, other than clearing houses	Retail and auctions
Business premises that are used for betting agencies	Retail and auctions
Business premises that are used for nail salons, beauty salons, waxing salons, tanning salons, spas, tattoo parlours and massage parlours	Beauty and other services
Caravan parks and camping grounds	Accommodation
Casinos	Hospitality
Community centres	Gyms and indoor recreation
COVID-19 safe outdoor public gatherings	Outdoor events
Controlled outdoor public gatherings	Outdoor events
Crematoria	General
Drive-in cinemas	Entertainment facilities
Entertainment facilities	Entertainment facilities
Food and drink premises	Hospitality
Food courts	Hospitality
Function centres	Hospitality
Funeral homes	General
Funerals and memorial services and gathering after funerals and memorial services	Significant events
Information and education facilities	Information and education facilities
Markets	Retail and auctions
Micro-breweries, small distilleries holding a drink on-premises authorisation under the ACT liquor legislation or cellar door premises	Hospitality
Nightclubs	Hospitality

Column 1	Column 2
Premises or event	Approved COVID-19 safety checklist
Party buses	Hospitality
Places of public worship and religious services on other premises	Places of worship
Places of residence, holiday homes and short-term rentals with more than 100 visitors	Significant events
Properties operated by the National Trust or the Historic Houses Trust	Information and education facilities
Public swimming pools (other than natural swimming pools)	Gyms and indoor recreation
Pubs, small bars and registered clubs	Hospitality
Recreation facilities (indoor)	Gyms and indoor recreation
Recreation facilities (major)	Major recreation facilities
Sex on premises venues, being restricted premises where sex between patrons is permitted on the premises	Beauty and other services
Sex services premises	Beauty and other services
Strip clubs	Hospitality
Vessels used for hosting functions or for commercial tours	Hospitality
Wedding services and gatherings after wedding services	Significant events
Zoological parks and reptile parks	Information and education facilities

Schedule 2—Exempted gatherings

Sections 7, 12, 16, 17

- 1 a gathering at an airport that is necessary for the normal business of the airport
- 2 a gathering for the purposes of or related to transportation, including in vehicles or at truck stops, stations, platforms or stops or other public transportation facilities but not a gathering on a vehicle being used as a party bus
- 3 a gathering at a hospital or other medical or health service facility that is necessary for the normal business of the facility
- 4 a gathering for the purposes of emergency services, including the provision of training by an emergency service
- 5 a gathering at a prison, correctional facility, youth justice centre or other place of custody
- 6 a gathering at a disability or aged care facility that is necessary for the normal business of the facility
- 7 a gathering at a court or tribunal
- 8 a gathering at a supermarket, market that predominately sells food, grocery store or shopping centre (but not a retail store in a shopping centre other than a supermarket, market that predominately sells food or grocery store) that is necessary for the normal business of the supermarket, market, store or centre
- 9 a gathering at an office building, farm, factory, warehouse, commercial fishing operation or mining or construction site or on a commercial vessel (excluding vessels providing tours or hosting functions) that is necessary for the normal operation of the tenants within the building, farm, factory, warehouse, commercial fishing operation or site or of the commercial vessel
- 10 a gathering at a school, university or other educational institution or child care facility that is necessary for the normal business of the school, university, institution or facility but does not include a school event that involves members of the community in addition to staff and students
- 11 a gathering at a hotel, motel or other accommodation facility that is necessary for the normal operation of accommodation services at that hotel, motel or other facility
- 12 a gathering at an outdoor area for the purposes of transiting through the place
- 13 a gathering to provide a service to assist vulnerable members of the public, including, for example, a food bank or a service providing for the needs of homeless persons
- 14 a gathering at premises that is necessary to provide the services of an early education and care facility

Schedule 3—Premises requiring entry records

Section 20

Part 1—Premises

- 1 Amusement centres
- 2 Aquariums
- 3 Business premises
- 4 Construction sites
- 5 Crematoria
- 6 Drive-in cinemas
- 7 Early education and care facilities, but not a child entering a facility for the purposes of being cared for at the facility
- 8 Entertainment facilities
- 9 Function centres
- 10 Hospitality venues
- 11 Hospitals, but not a hospital that has an electronic entry recording system that records sufficient information about persons entering the hospital to enable contact tracing to occur
- 12 Hotels or motels or other accommodation facilities, but not for a person who:
 - (a) has checked in and is staying overnight; or
 - (b) is a resident
- 13 Industrial premises, being premises used for the:
 - (a) manufacturing, production, assembling, altering, formulating, repairing, renovating, ornamenting, finishing, cleaning, washing, dismantling, transforming, processing, recycling, adapting or servicing of, or the research and development of, any goods, substances, food, products or articles for commercial purposes, and includes any storage or transportation associated with the activity; or
 - (b) handling, treating, production, processing, storage or packing of animal or plant agricultural products for commercial purposes
- 14 Information and education facilities (other than libraries)
- 15 Office premises, being premises used for the purpose of administrative, clerical, technical, professional or similar activities that do not include dealing with members of the public at the building or place on a direct and regular basis
- 16 Nightclubs

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- 17 Party buses
 - 18 Places of public worship
 - 19 Properties operated by the National Trust or the Historic Houses Trust
 - 20 Public swimming pools, other than a natural swimming pool
 - 21 Recreation facilities (indoor)
 - 22 Recreation facilities (major)
 - 23 Retail premises, being premises used for the purpose of selling items by retail, or hiring or displaying items for the purpose of selling them or hiring them out, whether the items are goods or materials or whether also sold by wholesale
 - 24 School, university or other educational institution, but not a student of a school entering the school
 - 25 Sex on premises venues, being restricted premises where sex between patrons is permitted on the premises
 - 26 Sex services premises
 - 27 Shopping centres
 - 28 Storage premises
 - 29 Strip clubs
 - 30 Vehicles being used as taxis or hire vehicles
 - 31 Vessels used for hosting functions or for commercial tours
 - 32 Warehouse or distribution centres
 - 33 Zoological parks and reptile parks

Part 2—Premises at which the following events are being held

- 34 COVID-19 safe outdoor public gatherings
- 35 Controlled outdoor public gatherings
- 36 Agricultural shows or agricultural field days
- 37 Funerals and memorial services and gatherings after funerals and memorial services
- 38 Religious services and gatherings after religious services
- 39 Wedding services and gatherings after wedding services

Part 3—General exceptions

- 40 The following persons are not required to provide contact details when entering premises specified in this Schedule:
 - (a) a person entering the premises in response to an emergency;

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- (b) a person entering premises in a vehicle if the person does not exit the vehicle while on the premises;
 - (c) a person entering the premises who is under the age of 18 years if it is not possible to register the person's details under paragraphs 20(1)(a) or (b) of this Direction;
 - (d) a person exercising law enforcement, intelligence or national security functions on behalf of a government agency of the Commonwealth;
 - (e) a person entering any health or medical facility, other than a pharmacy, as a patient
- 41 Despite the other provisions of this Schedule, the following premises are not premises specified in this Schedule:
- (a) mines;
 - (b) premises used by a government agency of the Commonwealth having law enforcement, intelligence or national security functions
 - (c) farms

Note: Subsection 120(4) of the *Public Health Act 1997* (ACT) provides:
A person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a direction under this section.
Maximum Penalty:
In the case of a natural person, \$8,000 (50 penalty units).
In the case of a body corporate, \$40,500 (50 penalty units).
In the case of a utility that is a body corporate, \$1,620,000 (2000 penalty units).

